STATE OF CALIFORNIA
STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD

ORDER WQ 2013-0043-UST

In the Matter of Underground Storage Tank Case Closure

Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25299.39.2 and the Low Threat Underground Storage Tank Case Closure Policy

BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR[1]:

Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25299.39.2, the Manager of the Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund (Fund) recommends closure of the underground storage tank (UST) case at the site listed below.[2] The name of the Fund claimant, the Fund claim number, the site name and the applicable site address are as follows:

Jay Gerber
Claim No. 11889
Cable Car Wash
904 3RD Street, Davis
Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board

I. STATUTORY AND PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

Section 25299.39.2 directs the Fund manager to review the case history of claims that have been active for five years or more (five-year review), unless there is an objection from the UST owner or operator. This section further authorizes the Fund Manager to make recommendations to the State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board) for closure of a five-year-review case if the UST owner or operator approves. In response to a recommendation by the Fund Manager, the State Water Board, or in certain cases the State Water Board Executive Director, may close a case or require the closure of a UST case. Closure of a UST case is appropriate where the corrective action ensures the protection of

[1] State Water Board Resolution No. (2012-0061) delegates to the Executive Director the authority to close or require the closure of any UST case if the case meets the criteria found in the State Water Board's Low Threat Underground Storage Tank Case Closure Policy adopted by State Water Board Resolution No. 2012-0016.

[2] Unless otherwise noted, all references are to the Health and Safety Code.

human health, safety, and the environment and where the corrective action is consistent with: 1) Chapter 6.7 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code and implementing regulations; 2) Any applicable waste discharge requirements or other orders issued pursuant to Division 7 of the Water Code; 3) All applicable state policies for water quality control; and 4) All applicable water quality control plans.

The Fund Manager has completed a five-year review of the UST case identified above, and recommends that this case be closed. The recommendation is based upon the facts and circumstances of this particular UST case. A UST Case Closure Review Summary Report has been prepared for the case identified above and the bases for determining compliance with the Water Quality Control Policy for Low-Threat Underground Storage Tank Case Closures (Low-Threat Closure Policy or Policy) are explained in the Case Closure Review Summary Report.

A. Low-Threat Closure Policy

In State Water Board Resolution No. 2012-0016, the State Water Board adopted the Low Threat Closure Policy. The Policy became effective on August 17, 2012. The Policy establishes consistent statewide case closure criteria for certain low-threat petroleum UST sites. In the absence of unique attributes or site-specific conditions that demonstrably increase the risk associated with residual petroleum constituents, cases that meet the general and media-specific criteria in the Low-Threat Closure Policy pose a low threat to human health, safety and the environment and are appropriate for closure under Health and Safety Code section 25296.10. The Policy provides that if a regulatory agency determines that a case meets the general and media-specific criteria of the Policy, then the regulatory agency shall notify responsible parties and other specified interested persons that the case is eligible for case closure. Unless the regulatory agency revises its determination based on comments received on the proposed case closure, the Policy provides that the agency shall issue a closure letter as specified in Health and Safety Code section 25296.10. The closure letter may only be issued after the expiration of the 60-day comment period, proper destruction or maintenance of monitoring wells or borings, and removal of waste associated with investigation and remediation of the site.

Health and Safety Code section 25299.57, subdivision (l)(1) provides that claims for reimbursement of corrective action costs that are received by the Fund more than 365 days after the date of a closure letter or a Letter of Commitment, whichever occurs later, shall not be reimbursed unless specified conditions are satisfied. A Letter of Commitment has already been issued on the claim subject to this order and the respective Fund claimant, so the 365-day

timeframe for the submittal of claims for corrective action costs will start upon the issuance of the closure letter.

II. FINDINGS

Based upon the UST Case Closure Review Summary Report prepared for the case attached hereto, the State Water Board finds that corrective action taken to address the unauthorized release of petroleum at the UST release site identified as:

Claim No. 11889

Cable Car Wash

ensures protection of human health, safety and the environment and is consistent with Chapter 6.7 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code and implementing regulations, the Low-Threat Closure Policy and other water quality control policies and applicable water quality control plans.

Pursuant to the Low-Threat Closure Policy, notification has been provided to all entities that are required to receive notice of the proposed case closure, a 60-day comment period has been provided to notified parties, and any comments received have been considered by the Board in determining that the case should be closed.

The UST case identified above may be the subject of orders issued by the Regional Water Quality Control Water Board (Regional Water Board) pursuant to Division 7 of the Water Code. Any orders that have been issued by the Regional Water Board pursuant to Division 7 of the Water Code, or directives issued by a Local Oversight Program agency for this case should be rescinded to the extent they are inconsistent with this Order.

III. ORDER

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

A. The UST case identified in Section II of this Order, meeting the general and media-specific criteria established in the Low-Threat Closure Policy, be closed in accordance with the following conditions and after the following actions are complete. Prior to the issuance of a closure letter, the Fund claimant is ordered to:

1. Properly destroy monitoring wells and borings unless the owner of real property on which the well or boring is located certifies that the wells or borings will be maintained in accordance with local or state requirements;

2. Properly remove from the site and manage all waste piles, drums, debris, and other investigation and remediation derived materials in accordance with local or state requirements; and

3. Within six months of the date of this Order, submit documentation to the regulatory agency overseeing the UST case identified in Section II of this Order that the tasks in subparagraphs (1) and (2) have been completed.

B. The tasks in subparagraphs (1) and (2) of paragraph (A) are ordered pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25296.10 and failure to comply with these requirements may result in the imposition of civil penalties pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25299, subdivision (d)(1). Penalties may be imposed administratively by the State Water Board or Regional Water Board.

C. Within 30 days of receipt of proper documentation from the Fund claimant that requirements in subparagraphs (1) and (2) of paragraph (A) are complete, the regulatory agency that is responsible for oversight of the UST case identified in Section II of this Order shall notify the State Water Board that the tasks have been satisfactorily completed.

D. Within 30 days of notification from the regulatory agency that the tasks are complete pursuant to paragraph (C), the Deputy Director of the Division of Financial Assistance shall issue a closure letter consistent with Health and Safety Code section 25296.10, subdivision (g) and upload the closure letter and UST Case Closure Review Summary Report to GeoTracker.

E. As specified in Health and Safety Code section 25299.39.2, subdivision (a) (2), corrective action costs incurred after a recommendation of closure shall be limited to $10,000 per year unless the Board or its delegated representative agrees that corrective action in excess of that amount is necessary to meet closure requirements, or additional corrective actions are necessary pursuant to section 25296.10, subdivisions (a) and (b). Pursuant to section 25299.57, subdivision (l) (1), and except in specified circumstances,

all claims for reimbursement of corrective action costs must be received by the Fund within 365 days of issuance of the closure letter in order for the costs to be considered.

F. Any Regional Water Board or Local Oversight Program Agency directive or order that directs corrective action or other action inconsistent with case closure for the UST case identified in Section II is rescinded, but only to the extent the Regional Water Board order or Local Oversight Program Agency directive is inconsistent with this Order.

Thomas Howard
Executive Director

7/18/13
Date

State Water Resources Control Board

UST CASE CLOSURE REVIEW SUMMARY REPORT

Agency Information

Agency Name: Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board (Regional Water Board)	Address: 11020 Sun Center Drive # 200 Rancho Cordova, CA 95670
Agency Caseworker: Brian Taylor	Case No.: 570280

Case Information

USTCF Claim No.: 11889	Global ID: T0611300226
Site Name: Cable Car Wash	Site Address: 904 3rd Street, Davis, CA 95616
Responsible Party: Jay Gerber	Address: 904 3rd Street Davis, CA 95616
USTCF Expenditures to Date: $531,071	Number of Years Case Open: 15

URL: http://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/profile_report.asp?global_id=T0611300226

Summary

The Low-Threat Underground Storage Tank (UST) Case Closure Policy (Policy) contains general and media-specific criteria, and cases that meet those criteria are appropriate for closure pursuant to the Policy. This case meets all of the required criteria of the Policy. A summary evaluation of compliance with the Policy is shown in **Attachment 1: Compliance with State Water Board Policies and State Law**. The Conceptual Site Model upon which the evaluation of the case has been made is described in **Attachment 2: Summary of Basic Case Information (Conceptual Site Model).** Highlights of the case follow:

An unauthorized leak was reported in June 1997 followed by the removal of three 10,000 gallon gasoline USTs in 1998. An unknown amount of contaminated soil was excavated and removed from the Site. Batch groundwater extraction was conducted between November 2005 and December 2005, which removed approximately 1,650 gallons of contaminated groundwater. This Site is surrounded by chlorinated solvent sites. Twenty-six monitoring wells have been installed and monitored regularly since 1998. According to groundwater monitoring data, water quality objectives have been not yet been achieved but all contaminants exhibit decreasing trends. The current consultant estimates water quality objectives will be achieved in 12 to 22 years (Kleinfelder, June 2010).

The petroleum release is limited to the soil and shallow groundwater. No public supply wells regulated by the California Department of Public Health are located within 1,000 feet of the defined plume boundary. No other water supply wells were identified within 1,000 feet of the defined plume boundary in files reviewed. Water is provided to water users near the Site by the City of Davis Public Works Department. The affected groundwater is not currently being used as a source of drinking water, and it is highly unlikely that the affected groundwater will be used as a source of drinking water in the foreseeable future.

Other designated beneficial uses of impacted groundwater are not threatened and it is highly unlikely that they will be, considering these factors in the context of the site setting. Remaining petroleum hydrocarbon constituents are limited, stable and concentrations declining. Corrective actions have been implemented and additional corrective actions are not necessary. Any remaining petroleum hydrocarbon constituents do not pose a significant risk to human health, safety or the environment.

Rationale for Closure under the Policy

- General Criteria: The case meets all eight Policy general criteria.
- Groundwater Specific Criteria: The case meets Policy Criterion 1 by Class 2. The contaminant plume that exceeds water quality objectives is less than 250 feet in length. There is no free product. The nearest water supply well or surface water body is greater than 1,000 feet from the defined plume boundary. The dissolved concentration of benzene is less than 3,000 µg/L and the dissolved concentration of methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) is less than 1,000 µg/L.
- Vapor Intrusion to Indoor Air: The case meets Policy Criterion 2b. A professional assessment of site-specific risk from exposure shows that maximum concentrations of petroleum constituents in soil will have no significant risk of adversely affecting human health. The Site is paved limiting vapor migration and no buildings are located above the former USTs.
- Direct Contact and Outdoor Air Exposure: The case meets Policy Criterion 3b. A site-specific risk assessment demonstrates residual petroleum constituents in soil will have no significant risk of adversely affecting human health because the Site is paved and accidental access to site soils is prevented.

Objections to Closure and Responses

According to the GeoTracker Activity Report page, the Regional Water Board has directed the Responsible Party to submit a closure report.
RESPONSE: The case meets Policy criteria.

Recommendation for Closure

Based on available information, residual petroleum hydrocarbons at the Site do not pose a significant risk to human health, safety, or the environment, and the case meets the requirements of the Policy. Accordingly, the Fund Manager recommends that the case be closed. The State Water Board is conducting public notification as required by the Policy. Yolo County has the regulatory responsibility to supervise the abandonment of monitoring wells.

Lisa Babcock — 5/6/13

Lisa Babcock, P.G. 3939, C.E.G. 1235 — **Date**

Prepared by: Kenyatta Dumisani

ATTACHMENT 1: COMPLIANCE WITH STATE WATER BOARD POLICIES AND STATE LAW

The case complies with the State Water Resources Control Board policies and state law. Section 25296.10 of the Health and Safety Code requires that sites be cleaned up to protect human health, safety, and the environment. Based on available information, any residual petroleum constituents at the site do not pose significant risk to human health, safety, or the environment.

The case complies with the requirements of the Low-Threat Underground Storage Tank (UST) Case Closure Policy as described below.[1]

Is corrective action consistent with Chapter 6.7 of the Health and Safety Code and implementing regulations? The corrective action provisions contained in Chapter 6.7 of the Health and Safety Code and the implementing regulations govern the entire corrective action process at leaking UST sites. If it is determined, at any stage in the corrective action process, that UST site closure is appropriate, further compliance with corrective action requirements is not necessary. Corrective action at this site has been consistent with Chapter 6.7 of the Health and Safety Code and implementing regulations and, since this case meets applicable case-closure requirements, further corrective action is not necessary, unless the activity is necessary for case closure.	☒ Yes ☐ No
Have waste discharge requirements or any other orders issued pursuant to Division 7 of the Water Code been issued at this case?	☐ Yes ☒ No
If so, was the corrective action performed consistent with any order?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ NA
General Criteria General criteria that must be satisfied by all candidate sites:	
Is the unauthorized release located within the service area of a public water system?	☒ Yes ☐ No
Does the unauthorized release consist only of petroleum?	☒ Yes ☐ No
Has the unauthorized ("primary") release from the UST system been stopped?	☒ Yes ☐ No
Has free product been removed to the maximum extent practicable?	☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Has a conceptual site model that assesses the nature, extent, and mobility of the release been developed?	☒ Yes ☐ No

[1] Refer to the Low-Threat Underground Storage Tank Case Closure Policy for closure criteria for low-threat petroleum UST sites.
http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/board_decisions/adopted_orders/resolutions/2012/rs2012_0016atta.pdf

Has secondary source been removed to the extent practicable?	☒ Yes ☐ No
Has soil or groundwater been tested for MTBE and results reported in accordance with Health and Safety Code Section 25296.15?	☒ Yes ☐ No
Nuisance as defined by Water Code section 13050 does not exist at the site?	☒ Yes ☐ No
Are there unique site attributes or site-specific conditions that demonstrably increase the risk associated with residual petroleum constituents?	☐ Yes ☒ No
Media-Specific Criteria Candidate sites must satisfy all three of these media-specific criteria: **1. Groundwater:** To satisfy the media-specific criteria for groundwater, the contaminant plume that exceeds water quality objectives must be stable or decreasing in areal extent, and meet all of the additional characteristics of one of the five classes of sites: **Is the contaminant plume that exceeds water quality objectives stable or decreasing in areal extent?** **Does the contaminant plume that exceeds water quality objectives meet all of the additional characteristics of one of the five classes of sites?** If YES, check applicable class: ☐ **1** ☒ **2** ☐ **3** ☐ **4** ☐ **5** **For sites with releases that have not affected groundwater, do mobile constituents (leachate, vapors, or light non-aqueous phase liquids) contain sufficient mobile constituents to cause groundwater to exceed the groundwater criteria?**	☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ NA
2. Petroleum Vapor Intrusion to Indoor Air: The site is considered low-threat for vapor intrusion to indoor air if site-specific conditions satisfy all of the characteristics of one of the three classes of sites (a through c) or if the exception for active commercial fueling facilities applies. **Is the site an active commercial petroleum fueling facility?** Exception: Satisfaction of the media-specific criteria for petroleum vapor intrusion to indoor air is not required at active commercial petroleum fueling facilities, except in cases where release characteristics can be reasonably believed to pose an unacceptable health risk. **a. Do site-specific conditions at the release site satisfy all of the applicable characteristics and criteria of scenarios 1 through 3 or all of the applicable characteristics and criteria of scenario 4?** If YES, check applicable scenarios: ☐ **1** ☐ **2** ☐ **3** ☐ **4**	☐ Yes ☒ No ☐Yes ☐ No ☒ NA

b. Has a site-specific risk assessment for the vapor intrusion pathway been conducted and demonstrates that human health is protected to the satisfaction of the regulatory agency?	☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
c. As a result of controlling exposure through the use of mitigation measures or through the use of institutional or engineering controls, has the regulatory agency determined that petroleum vapors migrating from soil or groundwater will have no significant risk of adversely affecting human health?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ NA
3. Direct Contact and Outdoor Air Exposure: The site is considered low-threat for direct contact and outdoor air exposure if site-specific conditions satisfy one of the three classes of sites (a through c).	
a. Are maximum concentrations of petroleum constituents in soil less than or equal to those listed in Table 1 for the specified depth below ground surface (bgs)?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ NA
b. Are maximum concentrations of petroleum constituents in soil less than levels that a site specific risk assessment demonstrates will have no significant risk of adversely affecting human health?	☒ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
c. As a result of controlling exposure through the use of mitigation measures or through the use of institutional or engineering controls, has the regulatory agency determined that the concentrations of petroleum constituents in soil will have no significant risk of adversely affecting human health?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ NA

ATTACHMENT 2: SUMMARY OF BASIC CASE INFORMATION (Conceptual Site Model)

Site Location/History

- This Site is an active car wash and is bounded by a residence across I Street to the east, a train station to the south and west, businesses to the north within a block, and residences across 3rd Street to the north.
- A Site map showing the location of the former USTs, monitoring wells, and groundwater level contours is provided at the end of this closure review summary (Kleinfelder, 2012).
- Nature of Contaminants of Concern: Petroleum hydrocarbons only.
- Source: UST system.
- Date reported: June 1997.
- Status of Release: USTs removed.
- Free Product: None reported.

Tank Information

Tank No.	Size in Gallons	Contents	Closed in Place/ Removed/Active	Date
1	10,000	Gasoline	Removed	December 1998
2	10,000	Gasoline	Removed	December 1998
3	10,000	Gasoline	Removed	December 1998

Receptors

- GW Basin: Sacramento Valley - Yolo County.
- Beneficial Uses: Agricultural Supply, Commercial and Sportfishing, Freshwater Replenishment, Industrial Process and Service Supply, Groundwater Recharge, Municipal and Domestic Supply, Navigation, Water Contact Recreation, Spawning Reproduction and/or early Development, Wetland and Wildlife Habitat, Water Quality Enhancement.
- Land Use Designation: Aerial photograph available on GeoTracker shows mixed residential, commercial and adjacent to a railroad line.
- Public Water System: City of Davis Public Works Department.
- Distance to Nearest Supply Well: According to data available in GeoTracker, there are no public supply wells regulated by California Department of Public Health within 1,000 feet of the Site in files reviewed. No other water supply wells were identified within 1,000 feet of the defined plume boundary in files reviewed.
- Distance to Nearest Surface Water: There is no identified surface water within 1,000 feet of the defined plume boundary.

Geology/Hydrogeology

- Stratigraphy: The Site is underlain by sand and silty clays.
- Maximum Sample Depth: 20 feet below ground surface (bgs).
- Minimum Groundwater Depth: 20.40 feet bgs at monitoring well MW-13.
- Maximum Groundwater Depth: 42.57 feet bgs at monitoring well DAS-4.
- Current Average Depth to Groundwater: Approximately 37 feet bgs.
- Saturated Zones(s) Studied: Approximately 20-85 feet bgs.
- Appropriate Screen Interval: Yes.
- Groundwater Flow Direction: Shallow zone north-eastern at 0.002 feet/foot (ft/ft) and deep zone south at 0.004 ft/ft.

Monitoring Well Information

Well Designation	Date Installed	Screen Interval (feet bgs)	Depth to Water (feet bgs) (9/20/2012)
MW-6	December 2003	unknown - 54	38.16
MW-7	December 2003	unknown - 54	37.80
MW-8	December 2003	unknown - 40	36.47
MW-9	December 2003	unknown - 40	35.80
MW-10	December 2003	unknown - 40	38.48
MW-11	December 2003	unknown - 40	NM
MW-12	December 2003	unknown - 40	37.02
MW-13	December 2003	unknown - 40	36.09
MW-14	December 2003	75 - 85	38.05
DAS-1	December 2003	unknown - 50	39.34
DAS-2	December 2003	unknown - 52	NM
DAS-3	December 2003	unknown - 50	39.10
DAS-4	December 2003	unknown - 56	40.73
DAS-5	December 2003	unknown - 52	40.12
DAS-6	December 2003	unknown - 50	35.54
DAS-7	December 2003	unknown - 79	35.84
ISD-1	December 2003	unknown	34.50
PISD-2A	December 2003	unknown - 38	NM
PISD-2B	December 2003	unknown - 45	36.85
PISD-3A	December 2003	unknown - 39	36.82
PISD-3B	December 2003	unknown - 44	36.75
PISD-3C	December 2003	unknown - 54	36.05
PISD-4A	December 2003	unknown - 40	NM
PISD-4C	December 2003	unknown - 54	37.00
PISD-5B	December 2003	unknown - 45	36.95
PISD-5C	December 2003	unknown - 55	36.93

NM: Not Measured

Remediation Summary

- Free Product: None reported.
- Soil Excavation: Unknown volume was removed and disposed during UST removal.
- In-Situ Soil/Groundwater Remediation: Batch groundwater extraction was conducted between November 2005 and December 2005, which removed 1,650 gallons of contaminated groundwater. Ozone sparging proposed; system on hold pending a review of the Fund budget.

Most Recent Concentrations of Petroleum Constituents in Soil*

Constituent	Maximum 0-5 feet bgs [mg/kg and (date)]	Maximum 5-10 feet bgs [mg/kg and (date)]
Benzene	NA	NA
Ethylbenzene	NA	NA
Naphthalene	NA	NA
PAHs	NA	NA

NA: Not Analyzed, Not Applicable or Data Not Available
mg/kg: Milligrams per kilogram, parts per million
<: Not detected at or above stated reporting limit
PAHs: Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons
*No analytical soil data between 0 and 10 feet bgs

Most Recent Concentrations of Petroleum Constituents in Groundwater

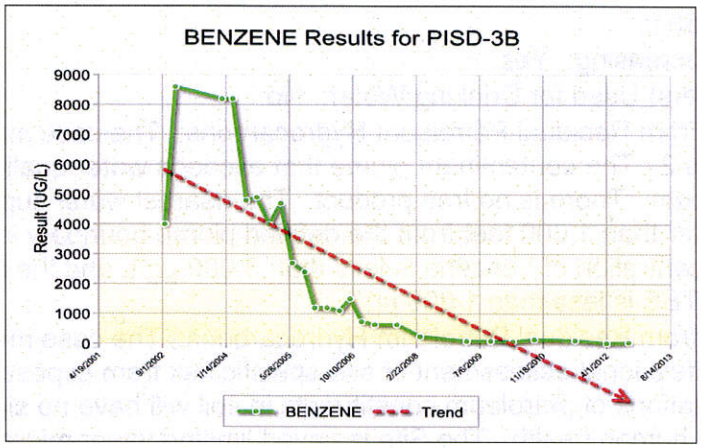
Sample	Sample Date	TPHg (µg/L)	Benzene (µg/L)	Toluene (µg/L)	Ethyl-Benzene (µg/L)	Xylenes (µg/L)	MTBE (µg/L)	TBA[a] (µg/L)
MW-6	09/20/12	**5,800**	**41**	<1	**640**	**25**	ND	<5
MW-7	09/20/12	**10,000**	**210**	<0.9	**1,300**	<0.9	**51**	5.3
MW-8	09/20/12	**<50**	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5
MW-14	09/20/12	**<50**	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	**16**	<5
PISD-3A	09/20/12	**4,200**	**36**	**65**	**99**	**21**	**33**	<5
PISD-3B	09/20/12	**5,700**	**43**	17	**300**	**11**	**23**	<5
PISD-3C	09/20/12	**3,200**	**81**	1.3	**190**	7.3	**26**	<5
PISD-5B	09/20/12	**420**	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5
PISD-5C	09/20/12	**240**	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5
WQOs	-	**5**	**0.15**	**42**	**29**	**17**	**5**	**1,200[a]**

NA: Not Analyzed, Not Applicable or Data Not Available
µg/L: Micrograms per liter, parts per billion
<: Not detected at or above stated reporting limit
TPHg: Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline
MTBE: Methyl tert-butyl ether
TBA: Tert-butyl alcohol
WQOs: Water Quality Objectives, Regional Water Board Basin Plan
[a]: California Department of Public Health, Response Level

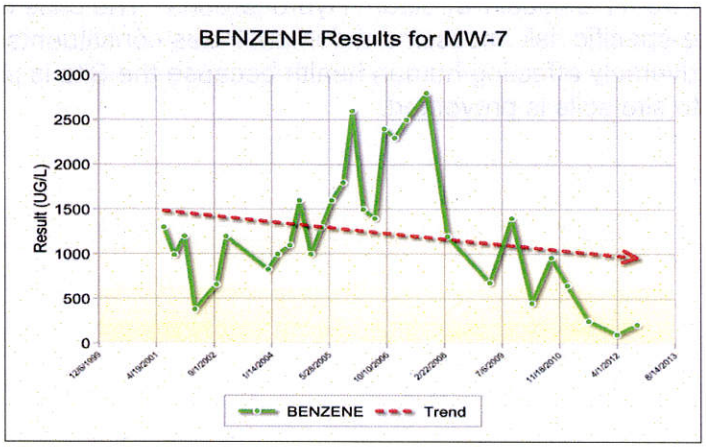
Groundwater Trends

There are 15 years of regular groundwater monitoring data for this case. Benzene trends are shown below for the most contaminated wells: Source Area (PISD-3B), Crossgradient (MW-7), and Downgradient (PISD-5C).

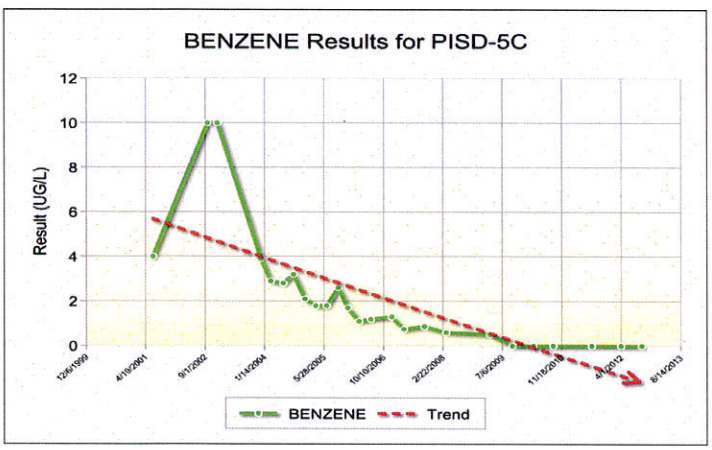
Source Well



Crossgradient Well

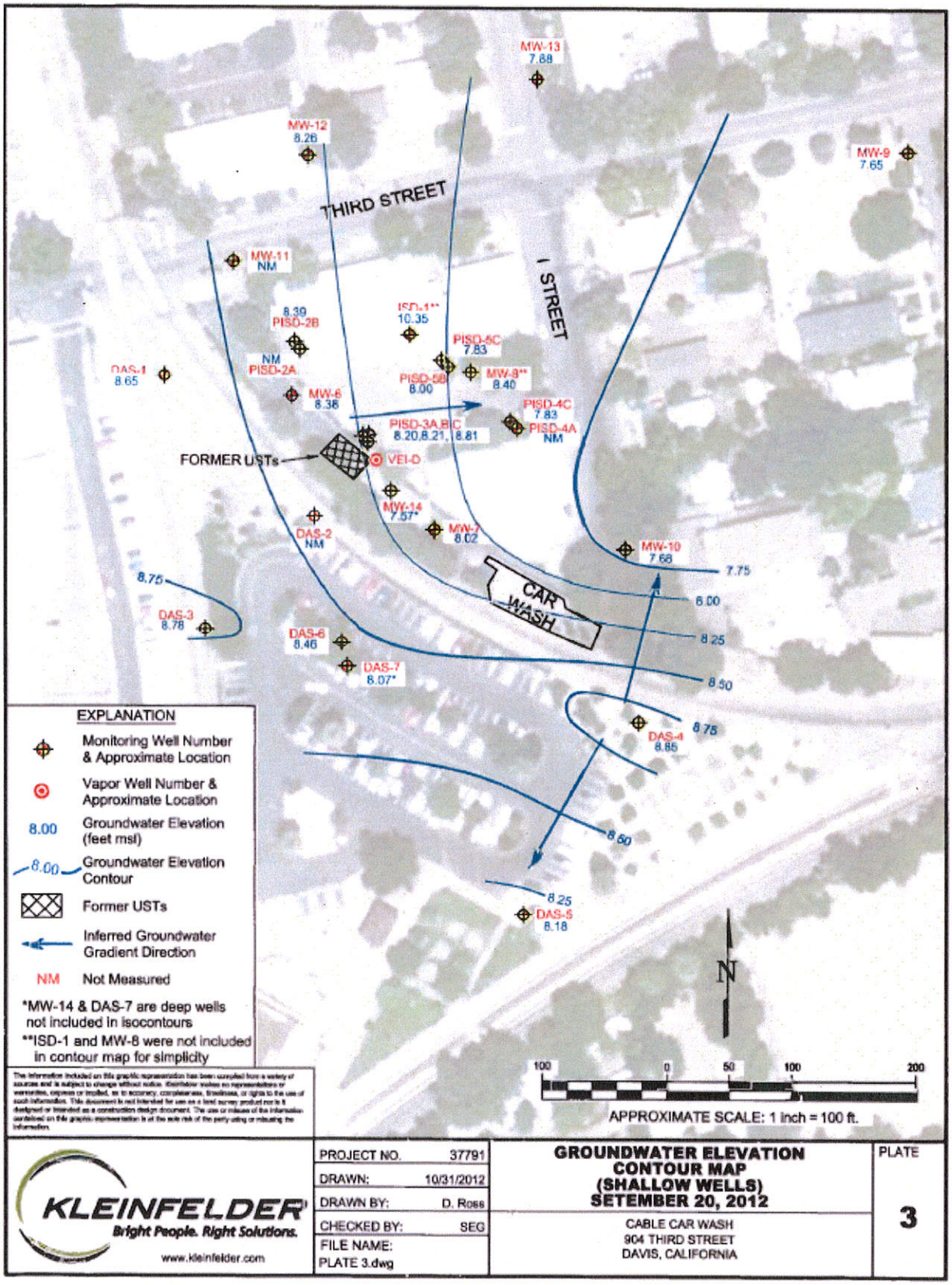


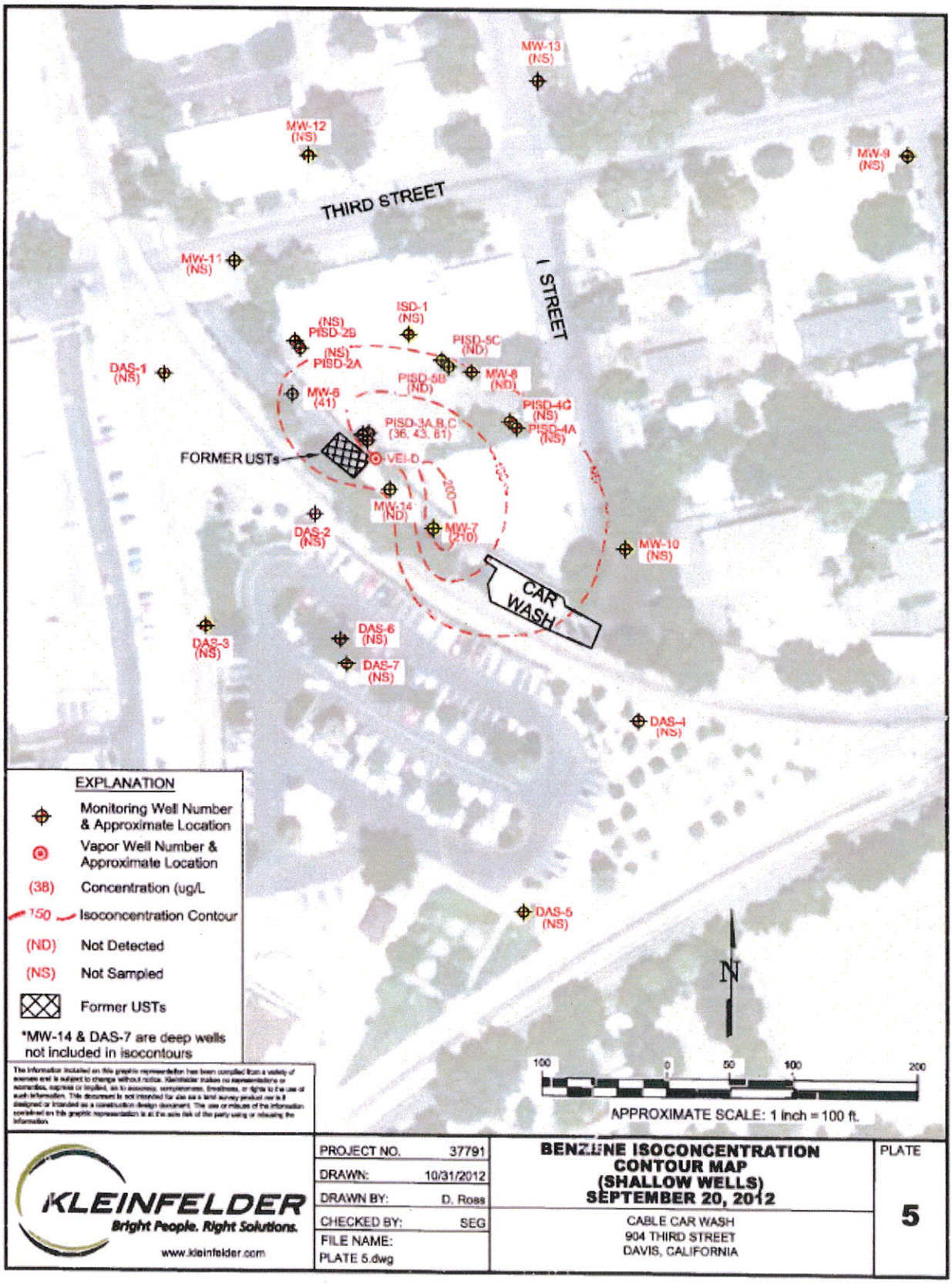
Downgradient Well



Evaluation of Current Risk

- Estimate of Hydrocarbon Mass in Soil: None reported.
- Soil/Groundwater tested for MTBE: Yes, see table above.
- Oxygen Concentrations in Soil Vapor: None reported.
- Plume Length: <250 ft.
- Plume Stable or Decreasing: Yes.
- Contaminated Zone(s) Used for Drinking Water: No.
- Groundwater Risk from Residual Petroleum Hydrocarbons: The case meets Policy Criterion 1 by Class 2. The contaminant plume that exceeds water quality objectives is less than 250 feet in length. There is no free product. The nearest water supply well or surface water body is greater than 1,000 feet from the defined plume boundary in files reviewed. The dissolved concentration of benzene is less than 3,000 µg/L and the dissolved concentration of MTBE is less than 1,000 µg/L.
- Indoor Vapor Risk from Residual Petroleum Hydrocarbons: The case meets Policy Criterion 2b. A professional assessment of site-specific risk from exposure shows that maximum concentrations of petroleum constituents in soil will have no significant risk of adversely affecting human health. The Site is paved limiting vapor migration and no buildings are located above the former USTs.
- Direct Contact Risk from Residual Petroleum Hydrocarbons: The case meets Policy Criterion 3b. A site-specific risk assessment demonstrates constituents in soil will have no significant risk of adversely affecting human health because the Site is paved and accidental access to site soils is prevented.


MW-13
7.88
MW-12
8.26
MW-9
7.65
THIRD STREET
I STREET
MW-11
NM
8.39
PISD-2B
ISD-1**
10.35
PISD-5C
7.83
NM
PISD-2A
DAS-1
8.65
PISD-5B
8.00
MW-8**
8.40
MW-6
8.36
PISD-4C
7.83
PISD-3A,B,C
8.20,8.21, 8.81
PISD-4A
NM
FORMER USTs
VEI-D
MW-14
7.57*
DAS-2
NM
MW-7
8.02
MW-10
7.68
7.75
8.75
CAR WASH
8.00
DAS-3
8.78
8.25
DAS-6
8.46
DAS-7
8.07*
8.50
DAS-4
8.85
8.75
8.50
8.25
DAS-5
8.18
N
EXPLANATION
Monitoring Well Number & Approximate Location
Vapor Well Number & Approximate Location
8.00 Groundwater Elevation (feet msl)
8.00 Groundwater Elevation Contour
Former USTs
Inferred Groundwater Gradient Direction
NM Not Measured
*MW-14 & DAS-7 are deep wells not included in isocontours
**ISD-1 and MW-8 were not included in contour map for simplicity
100 0 50 100 200
APPROXIMATE SCALE: 1 inch = 100 ft.
KLEINFELDER
Bright People. Right Solutions.
www.kleinfelder.com
PROJECT NO. 37791
DRAWN: 10/31/2012
DRAWN BY: D. Ross
CHECKED BY: SEG
FILE NAME: PLATE 3.dwg
GROUNDWATER ELEVATION CONTOUR MAP (SHALLOW WELLS) SETEMBER 20, 2012
CABLE CAR WASH
904 THIRD STREET
DAVIS, CALIFORNIA
PLATE
3


MW-13 (NS)
MW-12 (NS)
MW-9 (NS)
THIRD STREET
MW-11 (NS)
I STREET
ISD-1 (NS)
(NS) PISD-2B
PISD-5C (ND)
(NS) PISD-2A
DAS-1 (NS)
PISD-5B (ND)
MW-8 (ND)
MW-6 (41)
PISD-4C (NS)
PISD-3A,B,C (36, 43, 81)
PISD-4A (NS)
FORMER USTs
VEI-D
MW-14 (ND)
MW-7 (210)
DAS-2 (NS)
MW-10 (NS)
CAR WASH
DAS-3 (NS)
DAS-6 (NS)
DAS-7 (NS)
DAS-4 (NS)
DAS-5 (NS)
EXPLANATION
Monitoring Well Number & Approximate Location
Vapor Well Number & Approximate Location
(38) Concentration (ug/L
150 Isoconcentration Contour
(ND) Not Detected
(NS) Not Sampled
Former USTs
*MW-14 & DAS-7 are deep wells not included in isocontours
N
100 0 50 100 200
APPROXIMATE SCALE: 1 inch = 100 ft.
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PROJECT NO. 37791
DRAWN: 10/31/2012
DRAWN BY: D. Ross
CHECKED BY: SEG
FILE NAME: PLATE 5.dwg
BENZENE ISOCONCENTRATION CONTOUR MAP (SHALLOW WELLS) SEPTEMBER 20, 2012
CABLE CAR WASH
904 THIRD STREET
DAVIS, CALIFORNIA
PLATE
5